

DV190E0M-N11**Product Specification****Rev. P1****FUZHOU BOE OPTOELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY Co.,LTD**

SPEC. NUMBER	PRODUCT GROUP	Rev..P1	ISSUE DATE	PAGE
	TFT-LCD		2020/08/19	1 OF 32

REVISION HISTORY

 Preliminary specification Final specification

Revision No.	Page	Description of changes	Date	Prepared
P0		Initial Release	2020.05.11	Canrong Li
Rev.P1		DV产出后更新	2020.08.19	Canrong Li

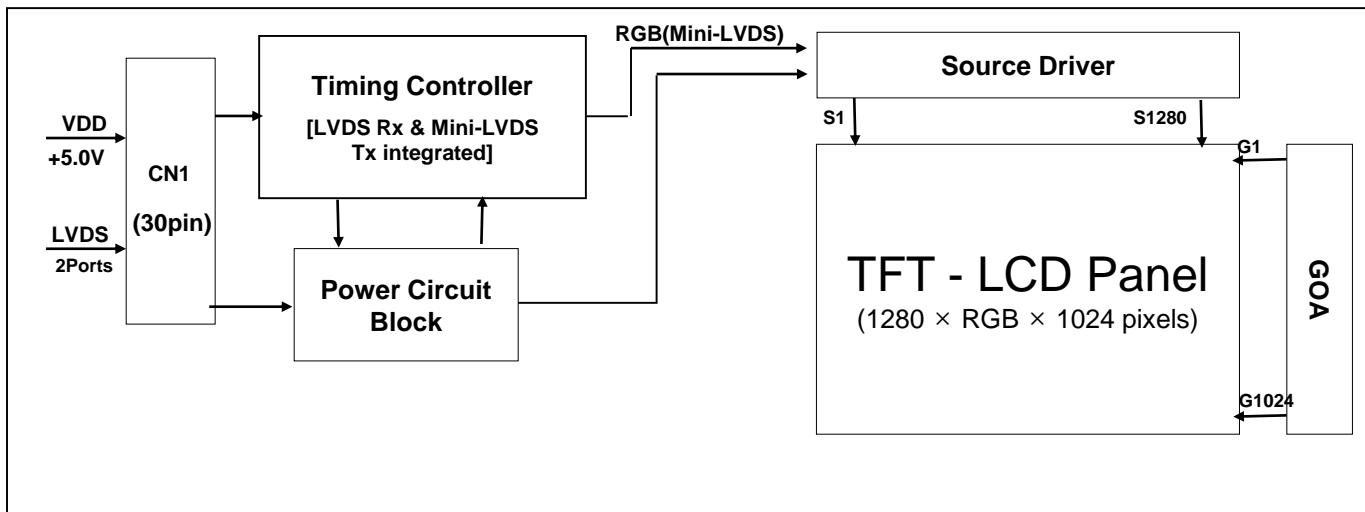
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1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 Introduction

DV190E0M-N11 is a color active matrix TFT LCD MDL using amorphous silicon TFT's (Thin Film Transistors) as an active switching devices. This MDL has a 19inch diagonally measured active area with FHD resolutions (1280 horizontal by 1024 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into RED, GREEN, BLUE dots which are arranged in vertical stripe and this module can display 16.7M colors. The TFT-LCD MDL panel is adapted for a low reflection and higher color type.



1.2 Features

- LVDS interface with 2 pixel / clock
- High-speed response
- Low color shift image quality
- 6-bit (Hi-FRC) color depth, display 16.7M colors
- Wide viewing angle
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- HADS technology is applied for high display quality
- RoHS compliant

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1.3 Application

- Commercial Digital Display
- Display Terminals for Control System
- Landscape and Portrait Display

1.4 General Specification

< Table 1. General Specifications >

Parameter	Specification	Unit	Remarks
Active area	374.784(H) × 299.8272 (V)	mm	
Number of pixels	1280(H) × 1024(V)	pixels	
Pixel pitch	97.6(H) × 292.8(V)	um	
Pixel arrangement	Pixels RGB Vertical stripe		
Display colors	16.7M	colors	6bits+FRC
Display mode	Normally Black		
Dimensional outline	396.0(H) × 324.0(V) × 9.9(D)	mm	Detail refer to drawing
Weight	1520	g	19.82kg/box
Power Consumption	10.64 Typ. 14.216 Max.	Watt	BLU Consumption 8.64 Typ. 9.216 Max.
Bezel width (L/R/U/D)	8.6/8.6/10.5/10.5	mm	
Surface Treatment	Haze 25%, 3H		
Back-light	Down edge side, 1- LED Light bar		
Possible display type	Landscape and Portrait Enabled		

2.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

The followings are maximum values which, if exceed, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit. The operational and non-operational maximum voltage and current values are listed in Table 2.

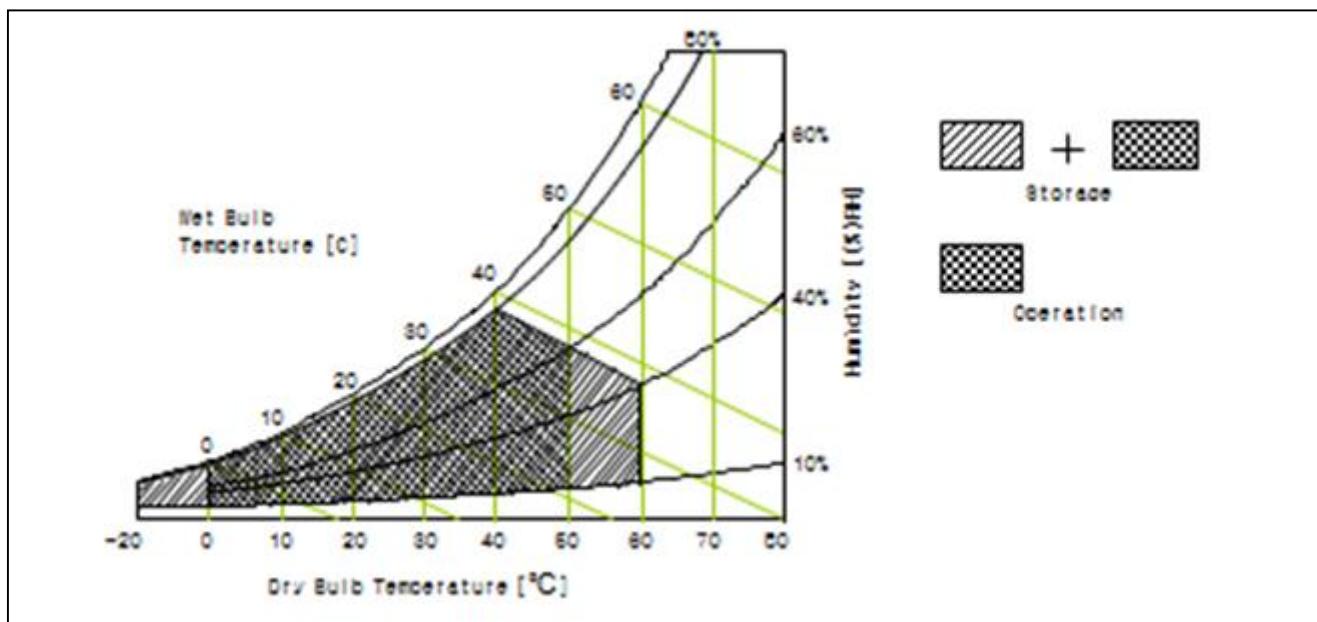
< Table 2. Open Cell Electrical Specifications >

[VSS=GND=0V]

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	6.0	V	
Logic Supply Voltage	VIN	VSS-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	T _a = 25 °C
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{SUR}	-20	+60	°C	Note 1
	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	80	%RH	
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	80	%RH	

Note 1 : Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C max. and no condensation of water.



3.0 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 TFT LCD Open Cell

< Table 3. Open Cell Electrical Specifications >

[Ta = 25 ± 2 °C]

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power Supply Input Voltage	VDD	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc	
Power Supply Ripple Voltage	VRP	-	-	200	mV	
Power Supply Current	IDD	-	400	1000	mA	Note 1
Power Consumption	PDD	-	2	5	Watt	
Rush current	IRUSH	-		3.0	A	Note 2
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	VLVTH	+100	-	+300	mV
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	VLVTL	-300	-	-100	mV
	Input Differential Voltage	VID	200	-	600	mV
	Differential input common mode voltage	VCM	1.0	1.2	1.5	V

Note 1 : The supply voltage is measured and specified at the interface connector of LCM.

The current draw and power consumption specified is for VDD=5.0V,

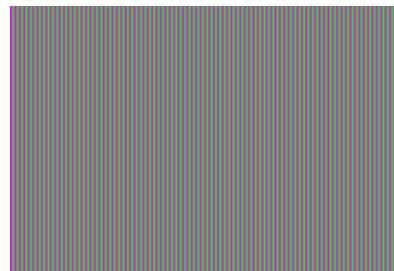
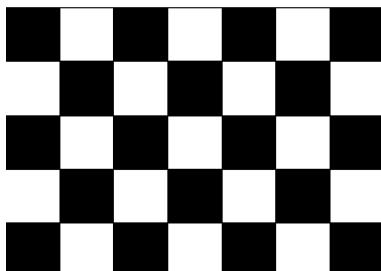
Frame rate f_V=60Hz and Clock frequency = 54MHz.

Test Pattern of power supply current

a) Typ : Mosaic 7X5 (L0/L255)

b) Max : Vline Subline (L255))

c) Flicker Pattern



R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B
+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B
-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+
R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B
+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B
-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+
R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	B
+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-

Note 2 : The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of Power Input is 1ms(min)

3.0 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.2 Backlight Unit

< Table 3. Backlight Unit Electrical Specifications >

[Ta = 25 ± 2 °C]

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Forward Voltage	V _F	2.7	3.0	3.2	V	-
LED Forward Current	I _F	-	60	-	mA	-
LED Power Consumption	P _{LED}		8.64	9.22	W	Note 1
LED Life-Time	N/A	30000	-	-	Hour	IF = 60mA
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	-	-	-	V	
	PWM Low Level	-	-	-	V	
PWM Control Frequency	F _{PWM}	-	-	-	Hz	
Duty Ratio	-	-	-	-	%	

Notes : 1. Calculator Value for reference IF × VF × 48ea= PLED

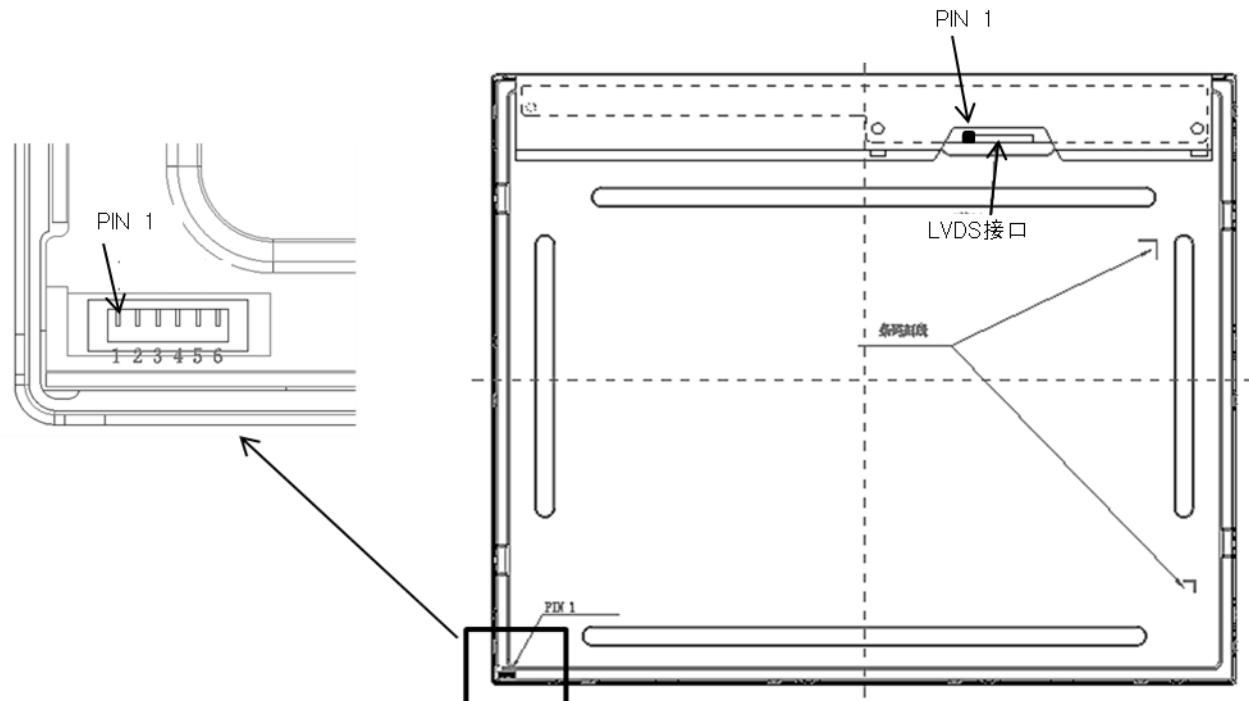
2. The LED Life-time define as the estimated time to 50% degradation of initial luminous.

3.3 Backlight Input Pin Assignments

Connector type : SM06B-SHJH(HF) or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Feature
1	CH1-	-
2	NC	No Connection
3	CH1+	-
4	CH2+	-
5	NC	No Connection
6	CH2-	-

Remark: The mating type connector: SHJP-06V-S(HF) or SHJP-06-A-K(HF) and equivalent



4.0 INTERFACE CONNECTION

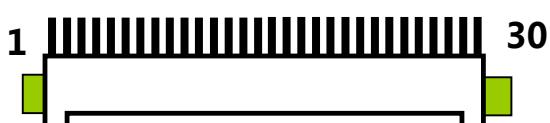
4.1 Open Cell Input Signal & Power

- LVDS Connector : IS100-L30O-C23(UJU), MSBKT2407P30HC(STM) or Equivalent.

< Table 4. Open Cell Input Connector Pin Configuration >

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 0 (ODD)	16	RXE1+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 1 (EVEN)
2	RXO0+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 0 (ODD)	17	GNG	Power Ground
3	RXO1-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 1 (ODD)	18	RXE2-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 2 (EVEN)
4	RXO1+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 1 (ODD)	19	RXE2+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 2 (EVEN)
5	RXO2-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 2 (ODD)	20	RXEC-	Negative Transmission Clock (EVEN)
6	RXO2+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 2 (ODD)	21	RXEC+	Positive Transmission Clock (EVEN)
7	GND	Power Ground	22	RXE3-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 3 (EVEN)
8	RXOC-	Negative Transmission Clock (ODD)	23	RXE3+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 3 (EVEN)
9	RXOC+	Positive Transmission Clock (ODD)	24	GND	Power Ground
10	RXO3-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 3 (ODD)	25	NC	No. Connection
11	RXO3+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 3 (ODD)	26	NC	No. Connection
12	RXE0-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 0 (EVEN)	27	NC	No. Connection
13	RXE0+	Positive Transmission data of Pixel 0 (EVEN)	28	VDD	
14	GND	Power Ground	29	VDD	
15	RXE1-	Negative Transmission data of Pixel 1 (EVEN)	30	VDD	Power Supply: +5V

Note : Pin 24 should be connected with GND.

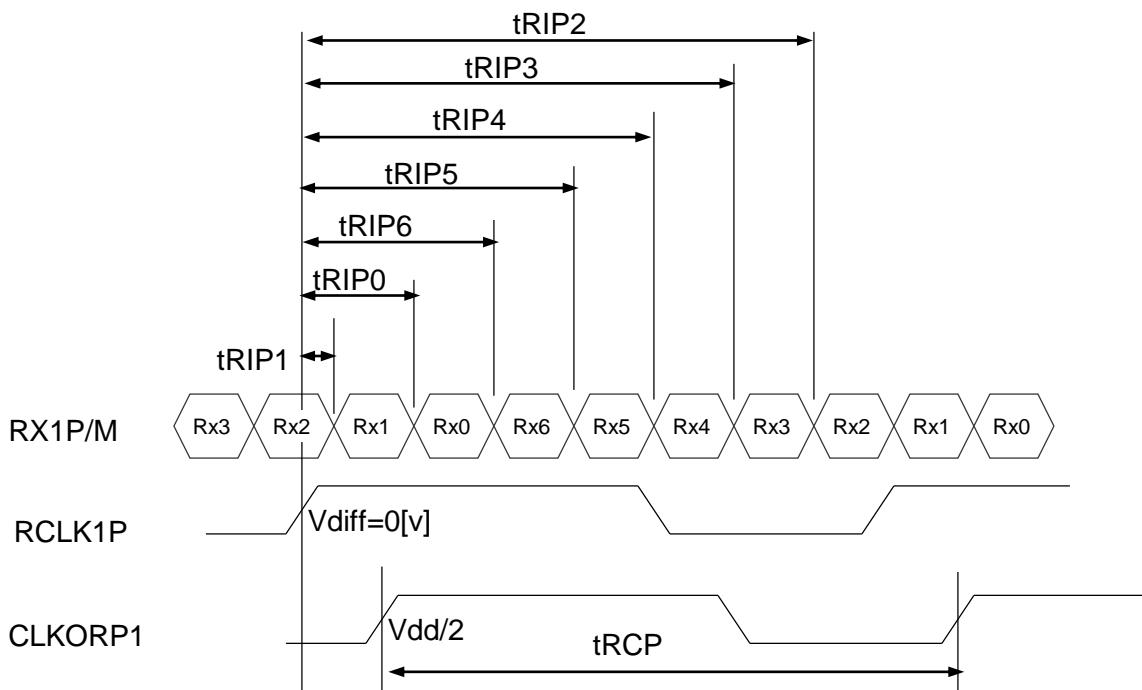


4.2 LVDS Rx Interface Timing Parameter

The specification of the LVDS Rx interface timing parameter is shown in Table 6.

<Table 6. LVDS Rx Interface Timing Specification>

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
CLKIN Period	tRCP	14.8	18.5	22.2	nsec	
Receiver Data Input Margin	tRMG	-0.35	-	0.35	nsec	fCLKIN=110MHz
		-0.40	-	0.40	nsec	fCLKIN=95MHz
		-0.45	-	0.45	nsec	fCLKIN=85MHz
		-0.60	-	0.60	nsec	fCLKIN=65MHz
Input Data 0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0.0	tRMG	Clock	
Input Data 1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	Clock	
Input Data 2	tRIP6	2 T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	Clock	
Input Data 3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	Clock	
Input Data 4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	Clock	
Input Data 5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	Clock	
Input Data 6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	Clock	



* $V_{diff} = (RXz+)-(RXz-), \dots, (RXCLK+)-(RXCLK-)$

5.0 SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION

5.1 Timing Parameters (DE only mode)

< Table 7. Timing Table >

Item		Symbols		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc		45	54	67.5	MHz
	High Time	Tch		-	4/7Tc	-	
	Low Time	Tcl		-	3/7Tc	-	
Frame Period		Tv		1036	1066	1150	lines
				50	60	75	Hz
Horizontal Active Display Term	Valid	t _{HV}		-	640	-	t _{CLK}
	Total	t _{HP}		704	844	960	t _{CLK}
Vertical Active Display Term	Valid	t _{VV}		-	1024	-	t _{HP}
	Total	t _{VP}		1036	1066	1150	t _{HP}

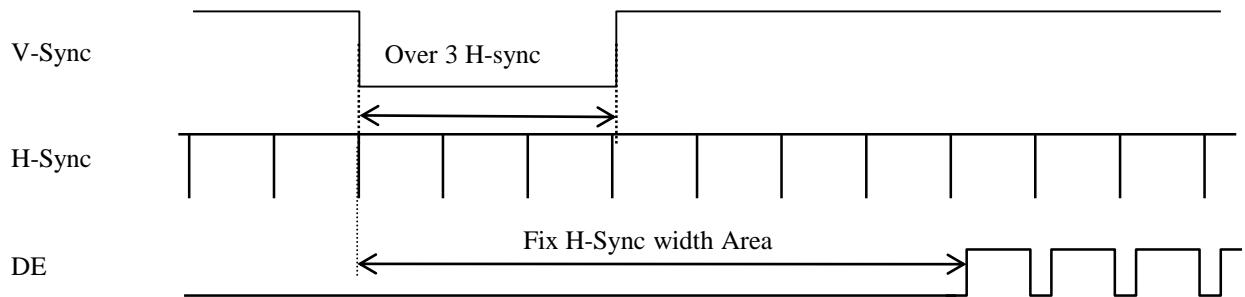
Notes: This product is DE only mode. The input of Hsync & Vsync signal does not have an effect on normal operation.

< Table 8. LVDS Input SSCG >

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F	LVDS Input frequency	-	45	54	67.5	MHz
T _{RSKM}	Input data skew margin	F=100MHz V _{IC} =1.2V V _{ID} =±400mV	-300	-	+300	ps
F _M	Input modulation frequency		-	-	300	KHz
SS _R	Input spread spectrum ratio		-3	-	+3	%

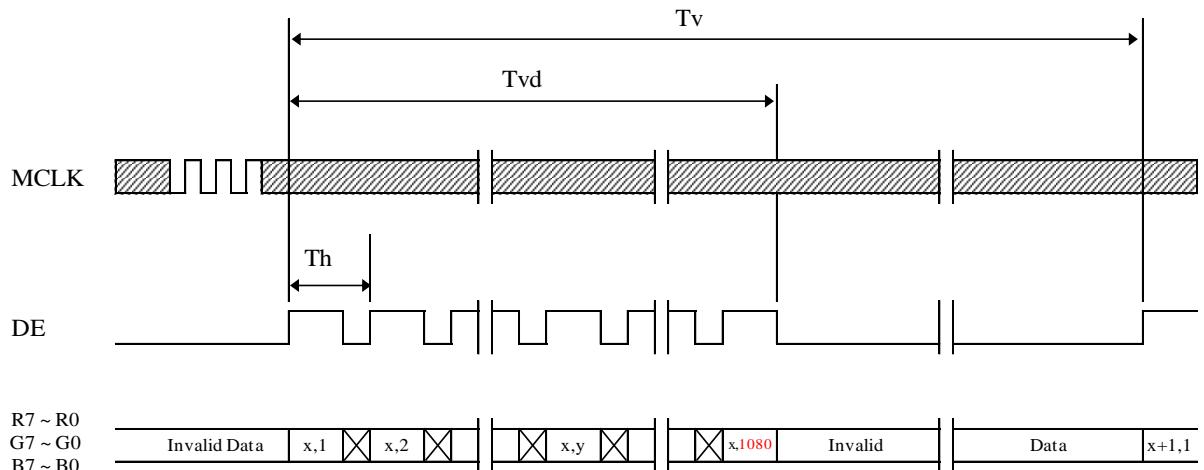
5.2 Signal Timing Waveform

5.2.1 Sync Timing Waveforms

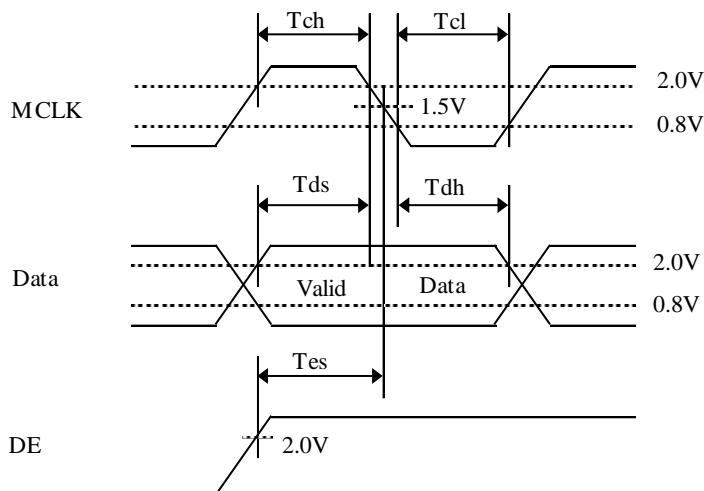
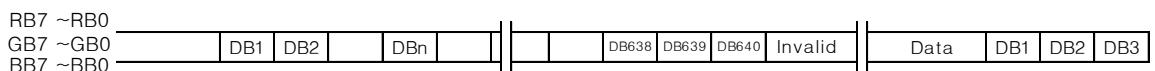
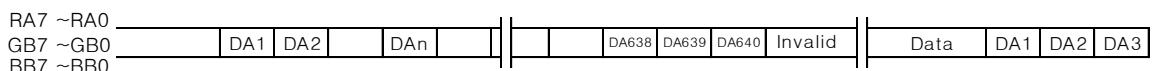
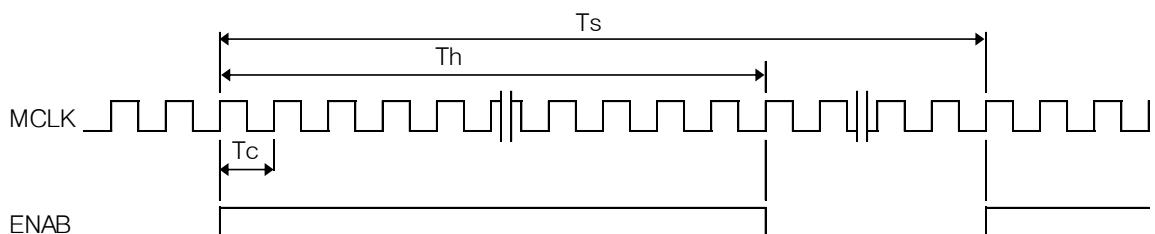


- 1) Need over 3 H-sync during V-Sync Low
- 2) Fix H-Sync width from V-Sync falling edge to first rising edge

5.2.2 Vertical Timing Waveforms



5.2.3 Horizontal Timing Waveforms



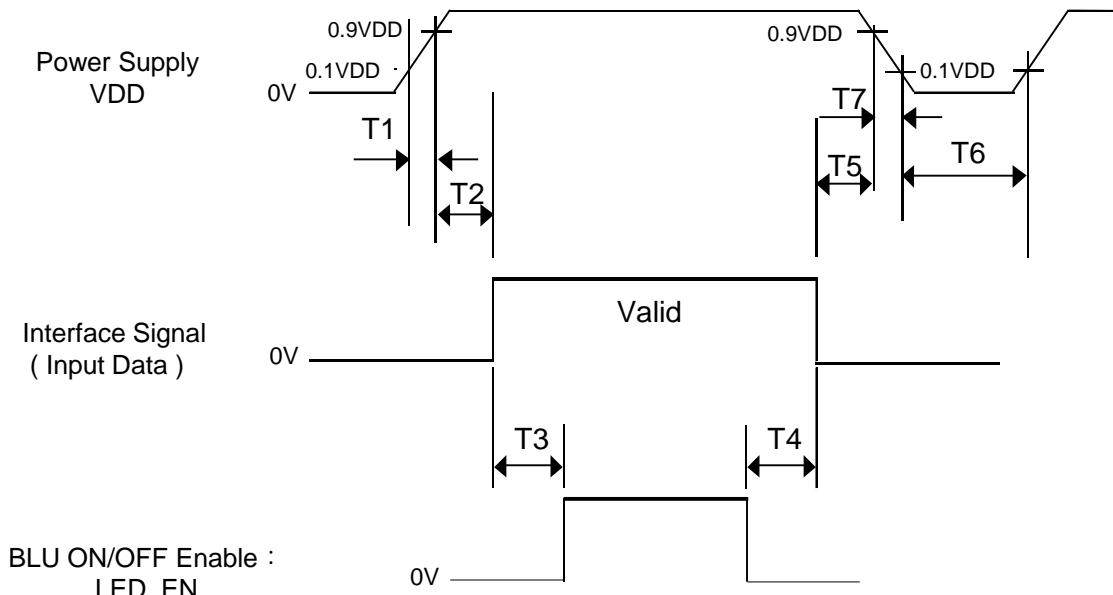
5.3 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Colors

< Table 9. Input Signal and Display Color Table >

Color & Gray Scale	Input Data Signal																							
	Red Data					Green Data					Blue Data													
	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	↑					↑					↑												
	▽	↓					↓					↓												
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	▽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	↑					↑					↑												
	▽	↓					↓					↓												
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	↑					↑					↑												
	▽	↓					↓					↓												
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	
	▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
Gray Scale of White	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	△	↑					↑					↑												
	▽	↓					↓					↓												
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	
	▽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

5.4 Power Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the Open Cell, the power on/off sequence shall be as shown in below



< Table 10. Sequence Table >

Parameter	Values			Units
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	0.5	-	20	ms
T2	10	-	100	ms
T3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
T6	1	-	-	s

Notes:

1. Back Light must be turn on after power for logic and interface signal are valid.
2. Even though T1 is out of SPEC, it is still ok if the inrush current of VDD is below the limit.
3. When VDD<0.9VDD(Typ.),Power off.
4. T7 decreases smoothly, if there were rebounding voltage, it must smaller than 5 volts.

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6.0 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The test of optical specifications shall be measured in a dark room (ambient luminance ≤ 1 lux and temperature = 25 ± 2 °C) with the equipment of Luminance meter system (Goniometer system and PR730) and test unit shall be located at an approximate distance 180cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of θ and Φ equal to 0°. We refer to $\theta_{\phi=0}$ ($=\theta_3$) as the 3 o'clock direction (the "right"), $\theta_{\phi=90}$ ($=\theta_{12}$) as the 12 o'clock direction ("upward"), $\theta_{\phi=180}$ ($=\theta_9$) as the 9 o'clock direction ("left") and $\theta_{\phi=270}$ ($=\theta_6$) as the 6 o'clock direction ("bottom"). While scanning θ and/or Φ , the center of the measuring spot on the Display surface shall stay fixed. The measurement shall be executed after 30 minutes warm-up period. VDD shall be 12.0V at 25°C. Optimum viewing angle direction is 6 'clock.

< Table 11. Optical Table >

[VDD = 12.0V, Frame rate = 60Hz, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C]

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark		
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_3	CR > 10	80	89	-	Deg.	Note 1		
		θ_9		80	89	-	Deg.			
	Vertical	θ_{12}		80	89	-	Deg.			
		θ_6		80	89	-	Deg.			
Brightness		Lv		200	250	-	nit			
Contrast ratio		CR		700:1	1000:1	-		Note 2		
White luminance uniformity		ΔY		75	80	-	%	Note 3		
Reproduction of color	White	W_x	$\Theta = 0^\circ$ (Center) Normal Viewing Angle	0.313				Note 4		
		W_y		0.329						
	Red	R_x		0.6520						
		R_y		0.3341						
	Green	G_x		0.3167						
		G_y		0.6262						
	Blue	B_x		0.1531						
		B_y		0.0586						
Color Gamut				68	72	-	%			
Cell Transmittance				4.9	5.5					
Response Time	G to G	T_g		-	14	20	ms	Note 5		

Note :

1. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing are determined for the horizontal or 3, 9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6, 12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface.
2. Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\theta = 0^\circ$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state. (See Figure 1 shown in Appendix) Luminance Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically.

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance when displaying a white raster}}{\text{Luminance when displaying a black raster}}$$

3. The White luminance uniformity on LCD surface is then expressed as :

$\Delta Y = (\text{Minimum Luminance of 9 points} / \text{Maximum Luminance of 9 points}) * 100$
(See Figure 5 shown in Appendix).

4. The color chromaticity coordinates specified in Table 9 shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel. The BLU is used by BOE.
5. Response time T_g is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal as below table and is based on Frame rate $f_V = 60\text{Hz}$ to optimize.

Each time in below table shall be measured by switching the signal for "any level of gray(brig ht)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

Measured Response Time	Target																
	0	15	31	47	63	79	95	111	127	143	159	175	191	207	223	239	255
0																	
15																	
31																	
47																	
63																	
79																	
95																	
111																	
127																	
143																	
159																	
175																	
191																	
207																	
223																	
239																	
255																	

6. Definition of Transmittance (T%) :

Module is with white(L255) signal input

$$\text{Transmittance} = \frac{\text{Luminance of LCD Module}}{\text{Luminance of BLU}} \times 100 \%$$

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7.0 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 Dimensional Requirements

Figure 3(located in Appendix) shows mechanical outlines for the model DV190E0M-N11 . Other parameters are shown in Table 12.

< Table 12. Dimensional Parameters >

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Dimensional outline	396.0(H) ×324.0(V)×9.9(D)	mm
Weight	1520 g /(19.82kg/box)	
Active area	374.784(H)*299.8272(V)	mm
Pixel pitch	97.6(H) × 292.8(V)	um
Number of pixels	1280(H) × 10240(V)(1 pixel = R + G + B dots)	pixels
Back-light	Down edge side 1-LED Light bar Type	

7.2 Mounting

See FIGURE 5. (shown in Appendix)

7.3 Anti-Glare and Polarizer Hardness.

The surface of the LCD has an anti-glare coating to minimize reflection and a coating to reduce scratching.

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8.0 RELIABILITY TEST

The Reliability test items and its conditions are shown in below.

< Table 13. Reliability Test Parameters >

No	Test Items	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60 °C, 240 hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -20 °C, 240 hrs
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta = 50 °C, 80%RH, 240hrs
4	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 °C, 240hrs
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0 °C, 240hrs
6	Thermal shock	Ta = -20 °C ↔ 60 °C (0.5 hr), 100 cycle

This test condition is based on BOE module.

9.0 PRODCUT SERIAL NUMBER



- ① FG-CODE
- ② Module ID, 最后一位为Revision Code (扫描不显示), 前17位编码规则如下
- ③ PPID (客户端ID)
- ④ D/PN码, 规格待确定
- ⑤ 生产年份+生产周别 (中间无空格)

MDL ID Naming Rule:

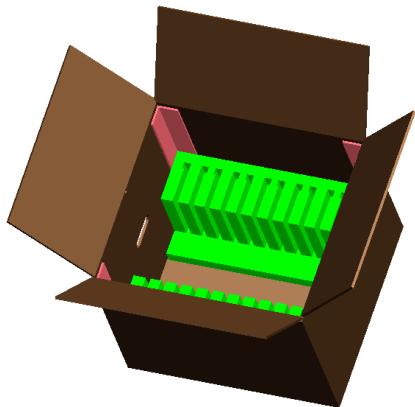
Digit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Code	S	L	S	A	1	0	8	5	9	4	2	0	0	0	1	D	B
Description	Product Code/GBN→FG-CODE—一对应		Grade	line	Year		Month	Model Extension Code (Last 4 Digits of FG-CODE)				Serial No. Hex-Decimal 000000-FFFFFF					

10.0 PACKING INFORMATION

BOE provides the standard shipping container for customers, unless customer specifies their packing information. The standard packing method and Barcode information are shown in below.

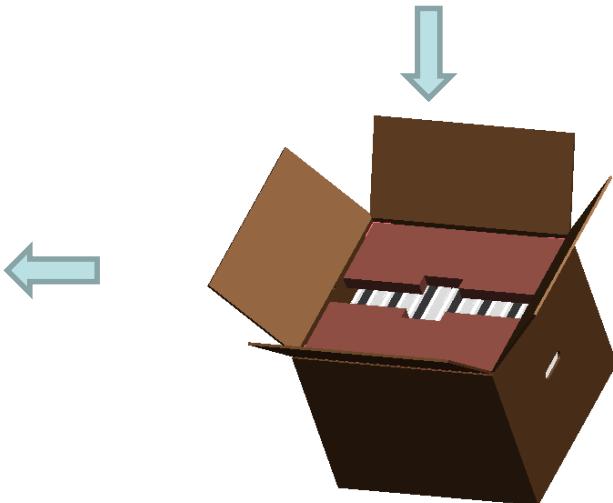
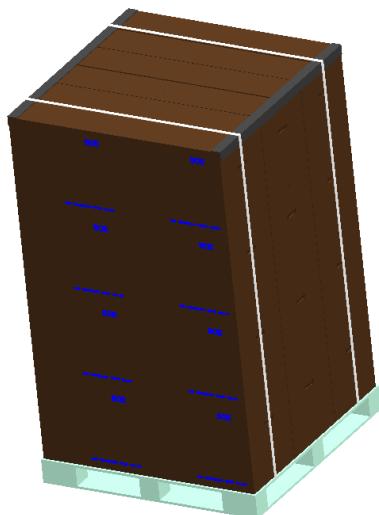
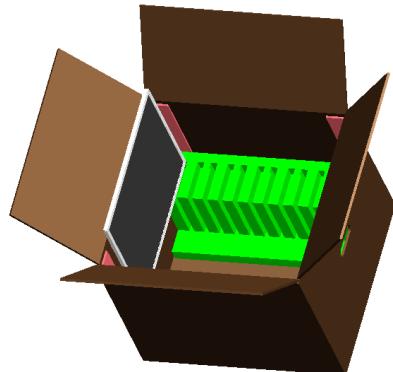
10.1 Packing Order

Put 1 EPE bottom into the inner box.



Put each module into a PE bag.

Insert 12 Pcs MDL into each box



-Put the boxes on the Pallet

16boxes/Pallet:16boxes per layer, total 1 layers

-Place paper corners and wrap film around the boxes

-Pack with 4 packing belts

Put 1 EPE cover in and seal the box.

10.2 Packing Note

- Box Dimension : 511mm(L) × 472 mm(W) × 405mm(H)
- Package Quantity in one Box : 12 pcs

10.3 Box Label

- Label Size : 100mm (L) × 50mm (W)

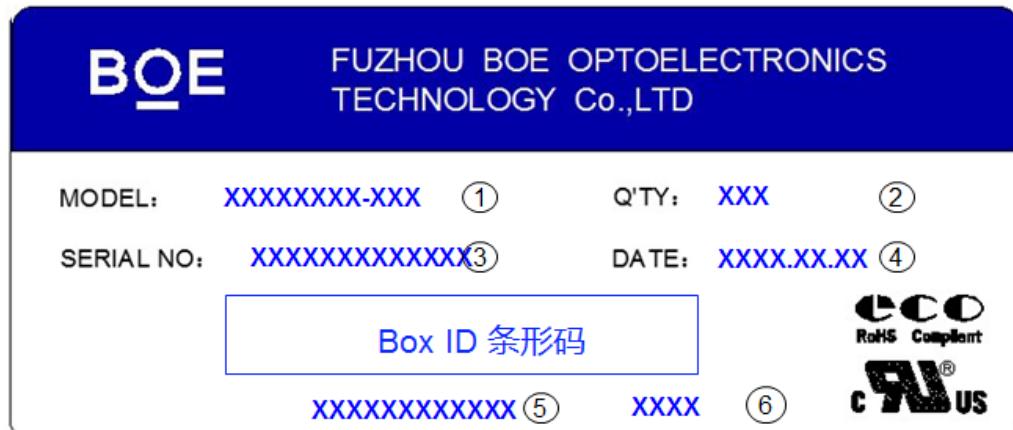
• Contents

Model : DV190E0M-N11

Q`ty : Module 12 Q`ty in one box

Serial No. : Box Serial No.

Date : Packing Date



打印内容，说明如下:

- ① FG-CODE
- ② 产品数量
- ③ Box ID, 编码规则如下
- ④ Box Packing 日期
- ⑤ 产品物料号(客户端)
- ⑥ FG-CODE 后四位

Digit Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Code	X	X	X	X	1	6	3	D	0	0	1	A	1
Description	Products G BN		Grade	Line	Year		Month	Revision Code	Serial No.				

11.0 PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD Module.

11.1 Mounting Precautions

- Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings)
- You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress, Concentrated stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- Do not apply mechanical stress or static pressure on module; Abnormal display cause by pressing some parts of module during assembly process, do not belong to product failure, the press should be agreed by two sides.
- Determine the optimum mounting angle, refer to the viewing angle range in the specification for each model.
- Do not apply mechanical stress or static pressure on module, and avoid impact, vibration and falling.
- Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- Protection film for polarizer on the module should be slowly peeled off before display.
- Be careful to prevent water & chemicals contact the module surface.
- You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane & alcohol is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene, because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading..

- This module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and Driver IC, should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
- Avoid impose stress on PCB and Driver IC during assembly process ,Do not drawing, bending, COF package & wire
- Do not disassemble the module.

11.2 Operating Precautions

- Do not connector or disconnect the cable to/from the Module at the “Power On” Condition.
- When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, ENAB signals. If any one of these signals is lost, the module would be damaged.
- Obey the supply voltage sequence. If wrong sequence is applied, the module would be damaged.
- Do not allow to adjust the adjustable resistance or switch
- The electrochemical reaction caused by DC voltage will lead to LCD module degradation, so DC drive should be avoided.
- The LCD modules use C-MOS LSI drivers, so customers are recommended that any unused input terminal would be connected to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turn on, and ground you body, work/assembly area, assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.
- Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on) Otherwise the Module may be damaged.
- Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- Design the length of cable to connect between the connector for back-light and the converter as shorter as possible and the shorter cable shall be connected directly , The long cable between back-light and Converter may cause the Luminance of LED to lower and need a higher startup voltage
- The cables should be as short as possible between System Board and PCB interface.
- Connectors are precision devices to transmit electrical signals, and operators should plug in parallel
- Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.

11.3 Electrostatic Discharge Precautions

- Avoid the use work clothing made of synthetic fibers. We recommend cotton clothing or other conductivity-treated fibers.
- Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc.
- Do not close to static electricity to avoid product damage.
- Do not touch interface pin directly.

11.4 Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

- Do not leave the module operation or storage in Strong light . Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

11.5 Precautions for Storage

A. Atmosphere Requirement

ITEM	UNIT	MIN	MAX
Storage Temperature	(°C)	5	40
Storage Humidity	(%rH)	40	75
Storage Life	6 months		
Storage Condition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The storage room should be equipped with a dark and good ventilation facility. • Prevent products from being exposed to the direct sunlight, moisture and water. • The product need to keep away from organic solvent and corrosive gas. • Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. • Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions. 		

B. Package Requirement

- The product should be placed in a sealed polythene bag.
- Product Should be placed on the pallet, Which is away from the floor, Be cautions not to pile the product up.
- The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- As the original protective film, do not use the adhesive protective film to avoid change of Pol color and characteristic.

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11.6 Precautions for protection film

- Remove the protective film slowly, keeping the removing direction approximate 30-degree not vertical from panel surface, If possible, under ESD control device like ion blower, and the humidity of working room should be kept over 50%RH to reduce the risk of static charge.
- People who peeled off the protection film should wear anti-static strap and grounded well.

11.7 Appropriate Condition for Commercial Display

-Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications . Accordingly, long-term display like in Commercial Display application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.

1. Normal operating condition

- Temperature: $20 \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Operating Ambient Humidity : $55 \pm 20\%$
- Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
- Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up Commercial Display system

2. Special operating condition

a. Ambient condition

- Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up Commercial Display system.

b. Power and screen save

- Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.

c. As the low temperature, the response time is greatly delayed. As the high temperatures (higher than the operating temperature) the LCD module may turn black screen. The above phenomenon cannot explain the failure of the display. When the temperature returns to the normal operating temperature, the LCD module will return to normal display.

d. When expose to drastic fluctuation of temperature (hot to cold or cold to hot) ,the LCD module may be affected; Specifically, drastic temperature fluctuation from cold to hot ,produces dew on the LCD module 's surface which may affect the operation of the polarizer and LCD module

e. Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on) Otherwise the Module may be damaged.

f. Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, special display images, running time, long time operation, outdoor operation, etc. It is strongly recommended to contact BOE for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems.

3. Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display.

- a. Suitable operating time: under 20 hours a day.
- b. Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
 - Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- c. Background and character (image) color change
 - Use different colors for background and character, respectively.
 - Change colors themselves periodically.
- d. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
 - 1) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.
 - 2) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save

4. Lifetime in this spec. is guaranteed only when Commercial Display is used according to operating usages.

11.8 Other Precautions

A. LC Leak

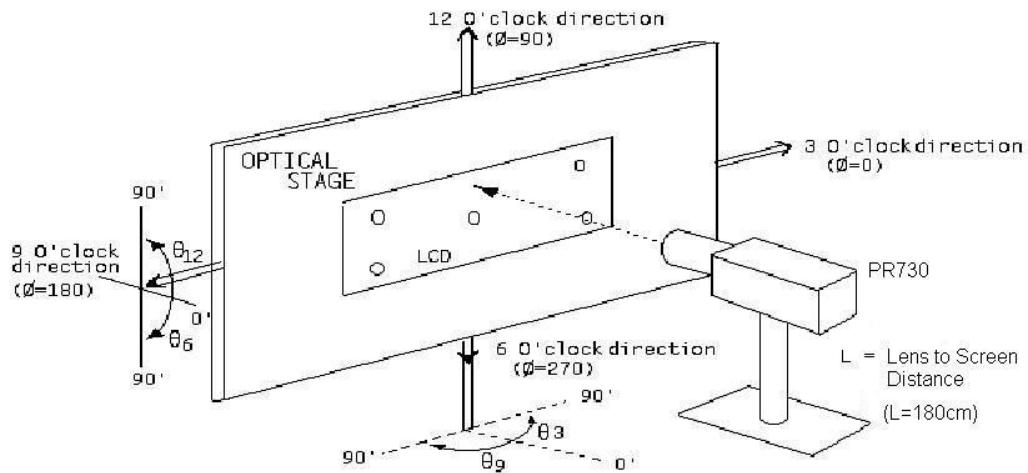
- If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it is recommended to wash the LC with acetone or ethanol and then burn it.
- If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- If LC in mouth, mouth need to be washed, drink plenty of water to induce vomiting and follow medical advice.
- If LC touch eyes, eyes need to be washed with running water at least 15 minutes.

B. Rework

- When returning the module for repair or etc., Please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend to use the original shipping packages.

12.0 APPENDIX

< Figure 1. Measurement Set Up >

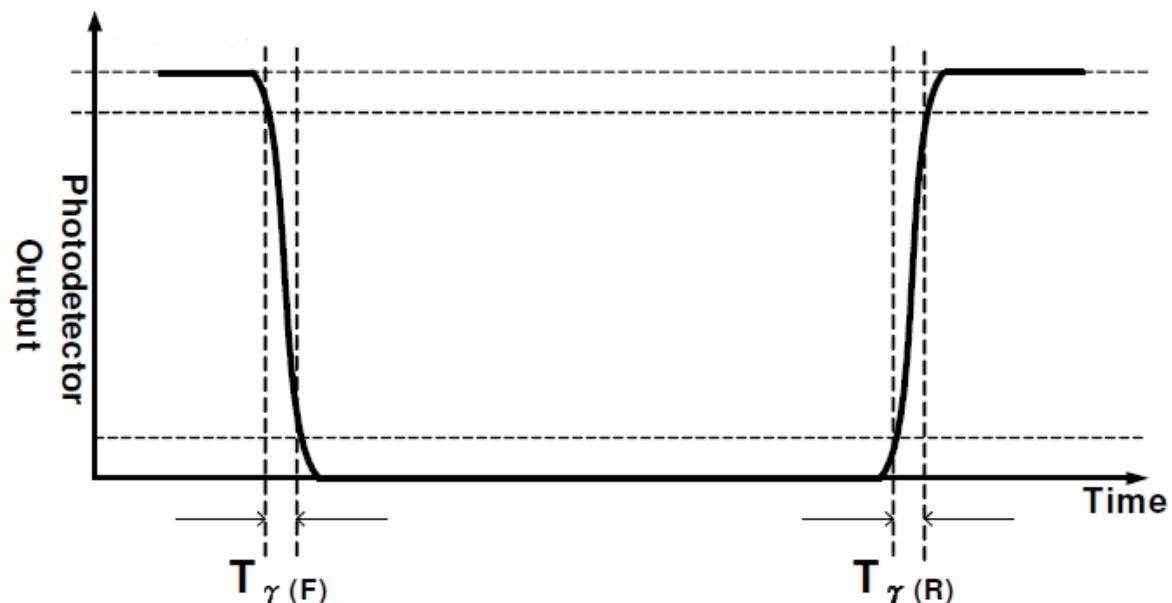


< Figure 2. Response Time Testing >

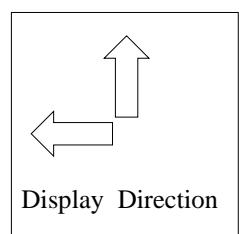
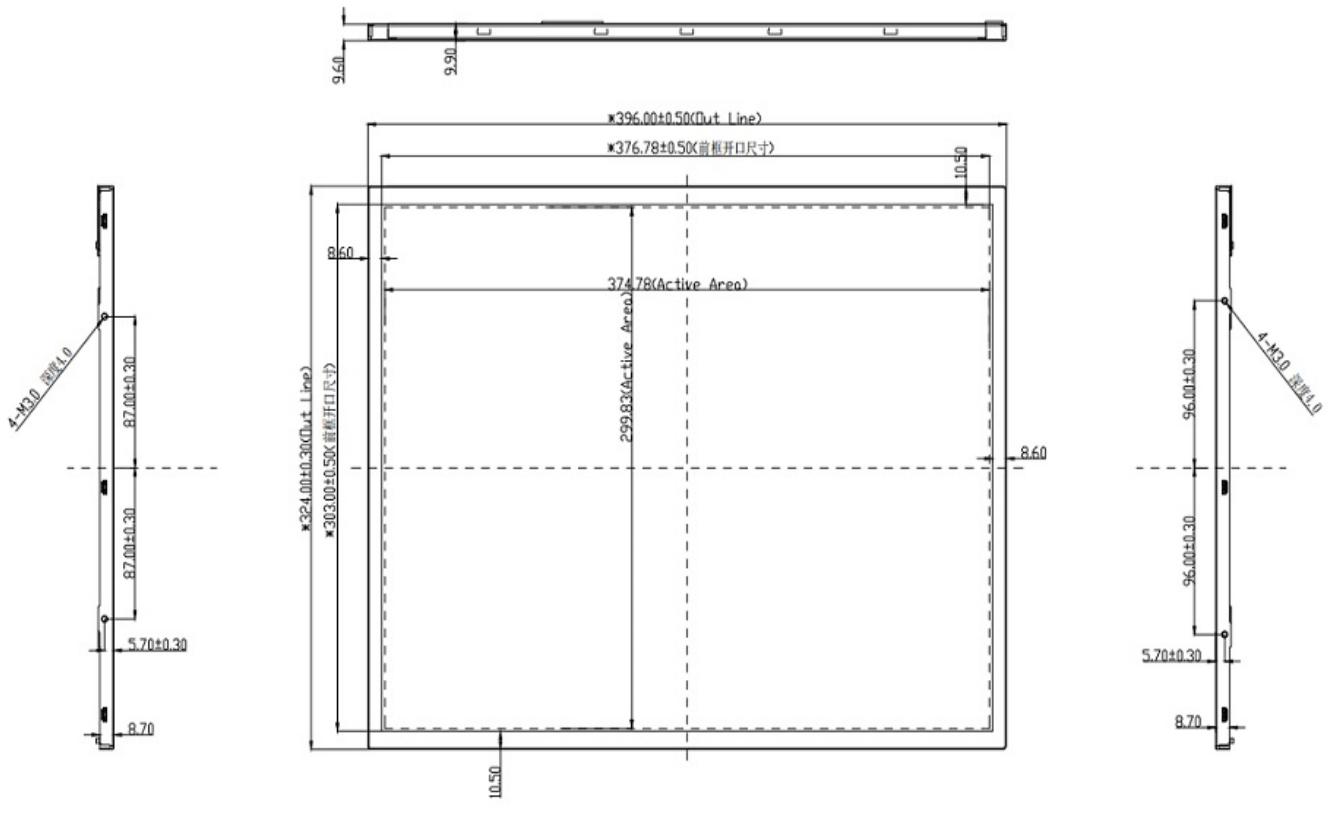
Any level of gray (Bright)

Any level of gray (Dark)

Any level of gray (Bright)

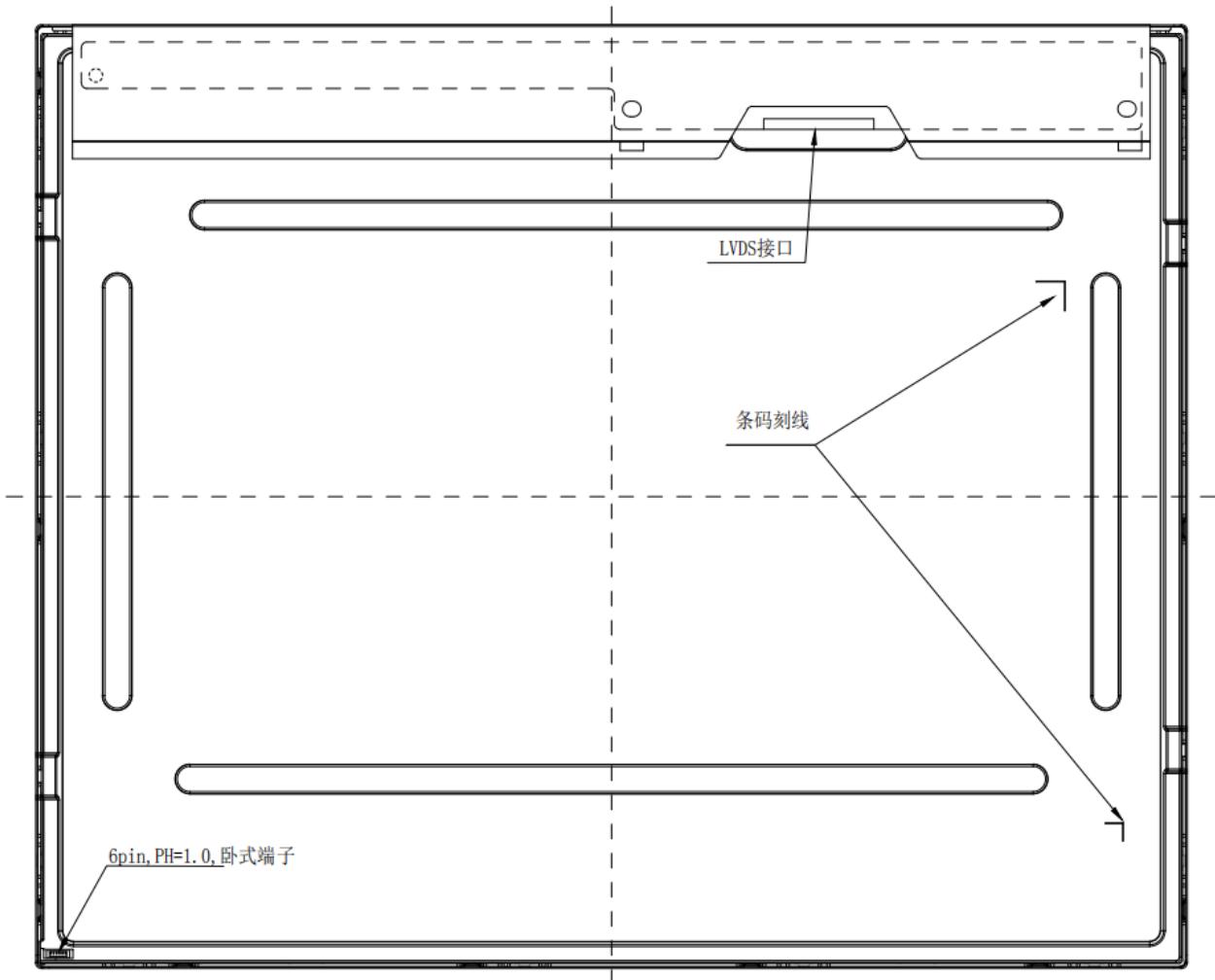


< Figure 3.TFT-LCD Module Outline Dimensions (Front View) >



Display Direction

< Figure 4.TFT-LCD Module Outline Dimensions (Rear View) >



< Figure 5. White Luminance and Uniformity Measurement Locations >

